## BUSINESS MEETING

BEFORE THE

## CALIFORNIA ENERGY RESOURCES CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION

In the ma	tter of:	)
Business	Meeting	)
		)

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

HEARING ROOM A

1516 NINTH STREET

SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 2003 10:00 A.M.

Reported by: Michael Mac Iver Contract No. 150-01-006

COMMISSIONERS PRESENT

James Boyd

William J. Keese

Arthur H. Rosenfeld

John L. Geesman (via speakerphone)

STAFF PRESENT

William Chamberlain, Chief Counsel

Robert Therkelsen, Chief Deputy Director

Betty McCann, Secretariat

Marwan Masri

Melissa Jones

Tony Brasil

Alec Jenkins

Lou Quiroz

Daryl Mills

Sue Kateley

PUBLIC ADVISOR

Grace Bos

ALSO PRESENT

Bill Carlson California Biomass Energy Alliance

Bob Ellery, Director Energy Resources Sierra Pacific Industries

Phil Reese CBEA

Kent Duysen, President
Sierra Power Corp.

ALSO PRESENT, continued

Tandy McMannes Kramer Junction Company

Les Nelson, Executive Director California Solar Energy Industries Association

Martin Webb, Owner Plan It Solar

Daniel Pellegrini, President CC Energy

Steven Kelly Independent Energy Producers

## I N D E X

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Call this meeting of the
3	Energy Commission to order. Please take your
4	seats.
5	Let's do the Pledge of Allegiance.
6	(Thereupon, the Pledge of Allegiance was
7	recited in unison.)
8	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you. This is a busy
9	day for the Commission. Commissioner Pernell is
10	in El Segundo conducting a powerplant siting case
11	that I joined him in yesterday and I'm here today.
12	Mr. Geesman is in San Joaquin conducting a
13	powerplant siting case. Commissioner Rosenfeld is
14	on but you've got three of us. Mr. Rosenfeld
15	decided to give up his dental appointment, his
16	much needed dental appointment, to be here.
17	Commissioner Geesman is on the phone.
18	COMMISSIONER GEESMAN: Hello.
19	CHAIRMAN KEESE: John is on the phone. So
20	without ado, we will go to Item 3, Guidelines for
21	the Renewable Energy Program, possible adoption of
22	proposed guidelines for the continuation of the
23	Renewable Energy Program under SB 1038.

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	1\/1	Masri.
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2 MR. MASRI: Good morning, Mr. Chairman,

3 Commissioners.

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We are here today to launch a new phase in the Renewable Energy Program that began in 1998. Just to go back in time a little bit, how did we get here? The first program was to expire at the end of 2001, the Commission funding for it. In 2000, the Governor signed SB 1194 that extended the funding for public goods charges, including renewables, for until 2012. However, it required this Commission to submit an investment plan for how we would use the funding for the first four or five years of that ten.

We did that, we submitted the investment plan in June 2001 to the legislature. The collection of the funding was authorized to begin January 2002, and it did begin. The anticipation was this Commission would give the authorization to begin to administer the program without a gap beginning in January 2002, and to do that we needed another piece of legislation to authorize that administration. That was anticipated to be in the fall of 2001. That did not pass and was delayed

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So in September of 2002, September 12th, SB 1038 was passed and signed by the Governor that then authorized this Commission to administer the program for the next five years, based on the investment plan as modified by the Senate Bill 1038.

Between that date and today, it's about four months, five, quite a bit of things were done to comply with that legislation. On October 16, we sent out a notice of workshop to all parties and in the notice we included a comprehensive set of questions that we wanted parties' answers to in order to develop balanced documents to administer this program. We held staff workshops in October and November to receive those inputs and comments. On December 2nd, a notice of Committee hearing was mailed out with the draft guidebooks utilizing what we got from the public and other stakeholders for a Committee hearing that took place December 12th and 13th.

A month later roughly, on January 17th, we sent out the guidebooks that are before you today for adoption that include the committee

consideration of all the comments received verbal 1 2 and written, at the workshops and other means. 3 What you have before you today, just as a 4 reminder, we have basically five accounts in the Renewables program. You have the guidebooks for 5 6 three of those for adoption today, and those are 7 the emerging account, on-site generation incentives, the existing account that assists the 8 existing generation projects to remain 9 economically viable, and a customer education

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account.

The other two, the new accounts, is very intricately tied into the RPS implementation, and, therefore, will be developed as that process proceeds and it progresses enough for us to determine how to best use the funding for the new account. And the fifth and last account is a customer credit account. SB 1038 required this Commission to report to the legislature on the recommendation on what to do with that account given the close and direct access and so on. This is an account that funded consumers who want direct access and purchased renewable energy. That recommendation will be coming before you in

1 the next month or two to take action on.

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We have done this development of guidebooks in the first phase, we're doing it again, and it's always a big challenge and a very difficult task to strike a very delicate balance. The balance is between conserving public funding and providing enough incentives for renewable industry to develop and contribute its role to California, its energy mix.

It is always a challenge to make decisions that will basically strike that delicate balance. We think the committee documents before you today reflect a full consideration of all the inputs that we received and strike that good balance that, if you adopt it today, we think we can carry on work that we began in 1998 together with the renewable industry retail goals that are set forth in our investment plan, as well as any renewable portfolio standard bill.

You will hear comments today and inputs from stakeholders. I can say that we have heard most of those, if not all, before. The committee has considered most of those comments in the documents before you. We have been working with the parties

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very hard since the beginning of this process, all the way until yesterday, trying to resolve issues to the mutual satisfaction of the Commission and interested parties.

There's a piece of document that makes a change in the existing account on the back table that basically resolved an issue that addresses how do we incorporate time differentiation into payments to an existing account as required by SB 1038. Other than that, we think that what you have before you here today really addresses all the concerns that we've heard and gives the committee's best attempt at striking a balance between funding and -- efficient funding, that is, of the public goods charter.

I'd be happy to respond to any questions you may have. I think we have another piece before you for your adoption today besides the guidebooks. This is new for the renewables program and reflects the influence of the new committee. We do have a decision document that lays out the rationale for the decisions that the committee is proposing before you today. That is also proposed for adoption with modifications

1	consistent with the changes that we're offering
2	today on some of the accounts.
3	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Mr. Masri
4	MR. MASRI: I'm sorry, my indispensable
5	attorney here reminds me that there's also the
6	fourth guidebook for all guidebooks which governs
7	the legal framework for administering the program,
8	most importantly, it's also up for adoption. We
9	have not received too many comments on that, so
10	really that document has not changed from day one.
11	CHAIRMAN KEESE: For clarification purposes,
12	the committee adopted and sent out, or the
13	committee recommended the guidebook. Is the
14	committee recommending any specific changes.
15	MS. JONES: We are. The committee is
16	recommending the one specific change that we
17	consider to be a technical change to the time
18	differentiation.
19	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Okay. Since there's
20	probably somebody in the audience who is concerned

MS. JONES: Uh-huh.

about that.

23 CHAIRMAN KEESE: Is there any more

24 clarification of that that's necessary before we

1	start testimony?
2	MR. MASRI: I believe the parties are aware
3	what we're proposing and they feel what we're
4	doing
5	CHAIRMAN KEESE: So what the committee is
6	recommending is adoption with that change?
7	MR. MASRI: Yes. I can summarize that
8	change.
9	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Yes, that would be nice.
10	MR. MASRI: In that basically what we had
11	proposed initially, what you have in the
12	guidebooks, is that payments to existing account
13	would be done as it was done in the past, that in
14	every month we look at the average monthly price
15	received by the project and then compare that to
16	the target price, and then pay the smaller of
17	three values. One is the difference between
18	target and market, and the other one is the cap
19	established in the guidebooks, which is one cent.
20	And the third, if there's not sufficient funds to
21	do either one of those, we would simply stated
22	divide the money available by the generation and
23	pay out that amount. So whichever amount is less.

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The time differentiation, instead of looking

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1	at the monthly average price received by a
2	project, will now look at subperiods within that
3	month, an on-peak, off-peak, super off-peak, three
4	or four periods, I believe, depending on the
5	project and the utility, and will compare the
6	prices in those subperiods to the target. Rather
7	than an average monthly, we'll now break it down,
8	which is something that 1038 required us to do,
9	time differentiation. We think we fulfilled that
10	requirement and also responded to the concerns
11	raised by the parties by doing that.
12	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
13	Commissioner Boyd.
14	COMMISSIONER BOYD: Mr. Masri, let's review
15	again one more time for the record and for the
16	audience then the documents that are before the
17	Commission today for action. There is the
18	Committee Decision Summary, which you
19	referenced
20	MR. MASRI: Yes.
21	COMMISSIONER BOYD: which tries to
22	incorporate all the incidents taking place over
23	the last several months and the recommendations of
24	the committee, but with the modification that you

1	just advised the Commission and the audience
2	regarding the time difference and there is in the
3	back of the room for everybody a striked out and
4	underlined set of revisions that the staff is
5	recommending to the Commission be adopted as
6	modification to the decision document and we've
7	reflected it in an appropriate guidebook. And I
8	have in front of me also an errata page with a few
9	minor technical amendments or adjustments to
10	language throughout the emerging program
11	guidebook. And then we have the guidebooks that
12	are subject to action today, all before the
13	Commission and available to the public; am I
14	correct?
15	MR. MASRI: Thank you, a very complete and
16	comprehensive description of what's up for
17	adoption, yes, that is correct.
18	COMMISSIONER BOYD: Thank you.
19	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you. I have nine blue
20	cards in front of me and it seems Mr. Masri,
21	help me, you say their comments will probably be
22	divided into, the specific comments will be
23	dividing into biomass and solar, is that
24	MR. MASRI: I believe, yes, Tier 1 projects,

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- 2 comments from those. That would be a good set.
- 3 And then emerging account, federal parts industry
- 4 and the small wind would be another set.
- 5 CHAIRMAN KEESE: Okay. Since I can't
- 6 distinguish these actually where we're going, why
- 7 don't we start with the Tier 1 issues. So if I
- 8 call on somebody who wants to speak to the later
- 9 issue, would you let me know and we'll hold off
- 10 and take Tier 1 issues first.
- 11 Mr. Bill Carlson, please.
- 12 MR. CARLSON: Chairman Keese, Members of the
- 13 Commission, I appreciate the opportunity to speak
- 14 today. In the interest of keeping the number of
- 15 blue cards down, I will be representing today the
- 16 California Biomass Energy Alliance.
- But we were asked by Mr. Boyd, as a matter of
- 18 fact, to introduce some of the other members that
- 19 are here today that I will be representing. They
- include Ralph Sanders of H.L. Power, a 30-megawatt
- 21 plant in Lassen County; Bob Ellery of Sierra
- 22 Pacific Industries, who has 56 megawatts spread
- 23 between Placer, Shasta, Lassen, Tuolumne, Sierra,
- and Plumas Counties; Paul Wood of Covant Energy,

1	who has 58 megawatts in Butte, Shasta, Lassen, and
2	Tuolumne Counties; Phil Reese of Colmac Energy
3	with 47 megawatts in Riverside County; Kent Duysen
4	of Sierra Power with 15 megawatts in Tulare
5	County; and Bob Moreno and Rick Steed of Fairhaven
6	Power with 17 megawatts in Humboldt County; Mike
7	Green and John Prevost of Pacific Lumber with 25
8	megawatts in Humboldt County; Bob Escalante of the
9	two Rio Bravo plants totalling 50 megawatts in
10	Fresno and Placer counties; Joe Hibler of ADS, who
11	has 75 megawatts in Kern and Fresno counties; and
12	Steve Artis of Watem Energy with 26 megawatts in
13	Colusa county. My company, Willabrator, has 78
14	megawatts spread between Shasta and Amador
15	counties. And if I missed anyone, I apologize for
16	that. And I also represent some of the solar
17	facilities, but they will also speak for
18	themselves.
19	The California Biomass Energy Alliance or
20	CBEA would like to thank the Renewables Committee
21	members and staff for their tireless efforts and
22	work on the Committee Draft Guidebook for the
23	Eligible Tier 1 existing renewables. CBEA

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believes the changes made since the first draft

1	and what was presented by Mr. Masri today related
2	to the calculation method go a long way to
3	satisfying all the conditions required in SB 1038,
4	which were designed to, quote, "secure for the
5	State the environmental, economic, and reliability
6	benefits that continued operation of those
7	existing renewable facilities will provide."

Unquote.

In the same spirit, the CBEA respectfully requests your consideration of three small additional items. The first is consideration of inflation. The CBEA believes the CEC is not consistently following it's own logic when considering increasing target price with inflation. The Commission's June 2001 report to the Governor and Legislature proposed to raise the target price for 2002 to 2006 from SB 90 levels to 5.5 cents per kilowatt hour due to inflation.

This earlier report also cites the Commission's experience with the target price and its impact on Tier 1 generation. The report noted that decreasing the target price to 4 cents resulted in decreased Tier 1 generation, and conversely saw an increase in generation when the

L	target	price	was	subsequently	raised	to	five	cents
2	in Octo	ober 20	000.					

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When the report proposed 5.5 cents for 2002 through 2006, Tier 1 facilities, specifically biomass, responded by generating a modern record 4.1 billion kilowatt hours in 2002. The February '03 Committee Draft Guidebook reversed this position and reduced the target price for 2003-2006 from 5.5 to 5.37, due to changes in market conditions since the June of 2001 report was published.

The Tier 1 technology submit that electrical market conditions, which have indeed changed, have nothing to do with the price required to sustain Tier 1 renewable generation. The market conditions that do, in fact, impact Tier 1 facilities' cost of operation are primarily related to its fuel cost. Fuel costs have been estimated, due to double digit increases in workers' compensation, medical and liability insurance, cost of living salary increases, and most recently diesel fuel cost increases.

Additionally, the June 2001 report stated that the Commission will also monitor cost shifting

1 activities and may reduce the target price as
2 warranted.

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The June 2001 report acknowledged no cost shifting had occurred up to that point and we submit that it has not occurred to date. The fact that inflation has not reversed itself since the June 2001 report, the market conditions that do affect Tier 1 generators have increased and continue to increase annually, and that no cost shifting has occurred, provides full justification for inflationary adjustments of the target price. CBEA recommends mirroring the language set forth in AB 995/SB 1194 which requires the collection of the public goods charge, quote, "be adjusted annually at a rate equal to the lesser of the annual growth in electric commodity sales or inflation as defined by the Gross Domestic Product deflator." End quote.

The second item is DWR contract holders.

While the above solutions addressed with 5.37 cent utility contracts, there are still a small number of biomass plants totalling 43 megawatts operating under DWR contracts. These plants, as newly restarted facilities, have costs that make it

difficult to continue operation. CBEA recommends paying facilities with DWR contracts the same amount per kilowatt hour of generation as is received by other Southern Cal Edison plants with 5.37 contracts on a monthly basis to assure they can continue to operate and produce the maximum amount of generation possible.

And the last item is the determination of market price. The guidebook states that, quote,
"The market price will be determined by the Energy Commission, based on the actual energy price received by the facility." End quote. However, this is not applied consistently. CBEA recommends that Tier 1 facilities receiving the SRAC of the appropriate utility be paid based on SRAC, in accordance with the adopted target price and cap.

For solar thermal facilities that signed substitute SRAC agreements and received 75 percent of payments based on 5.37 cents per kilowatt hour, and 25 percent of payments, based on short run avoided energy costs, the market price should be 5.37 cents for the 75 percent portion of their output and the time-weighted average SRAC specific to Southern Cal Edison for the 25 percent portion

1 of their output.

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Determining a market price other than those actually paid is factually incorrect, factually inaccurate, as well as inequitable. It is quite simple to make payments to the solar thermal facilities based on the actual payments made to such facilities by the utility, rather than using the price paid for a majority, but not all, of their output, as is currently written in the guidebook. There's no reason to determine a market price, for the actual market price paid is verifiable on the utility statements.

So, in conclusion, the biomass and solar thermal industries understand the burden imposed on the Commission in handling numerous generating facilities each month in any but a relatively straight-forward manner. We greatly appreciate the time the Renewables Committee and staff has spent with us to resolve these outstanding issues. The eligible Tier 1 renewable facilities respectfully request the Commission accept the above recommendations which we believe comply with SB 1038, as well as maintain the legislature and the CEC's support for continued operation of

1	existing renewables for the purpose of retaining
2	the environmental, economic, and reliability
3	benefits that continued operation of these
4	facilities provide. Thank you.
5	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
6	Commissioner Geesman.
7	COMMISSIONER GEESMAN: Well, would you like
8	Marwan to respond or why doesn't Marwan take the
9	first try.
10	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you. Mr. Masri.
11	MR. MASRI: Thank you, Commissioner Geesman.
12	As I mentioned, these issues have been raised
13	in committee and the staff before, and they have
14	been given very good thought. And on the
15	information side of things, the decision documents
16	before you today say that we will revisit this
17	issue in the future and see if additional
18	adjustments is actually warranted.
19	In the previous program, to remind the
20	Commission and parties, the highest target price
21	for biomass and solar thermal was 5 cents. It is
22	now 5.37. So it has gone up from its highest
23	level in the previous program. We have said in

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our investment plan that we may revisit the target

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1 price and readjust it based on market development.

We specifically culled out the negotiations at the

3 time for the 5.37 five-year contracts. That would

4 be one development that we will reexamine the

target price and make adjustments based on that.

And, in fact, that's one of the adjustments we did

7 but going down from 5.5 recommended target price

8 in the investment plan to 5.37 is the existence of

9 this agreement.

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Now, this agreement, the program here really its basic purpose for existing was to protect these projects from the risk of market variation and fluctuation. So we had initially in the first four years said no project on a fixed-price contract, energy price contract, would be eligible. They are only eligible when they go into the variable price portion in the eleven and they are subject to risk. We would provide that safety net to these targets.

The fact that the 5.37 is fixed for five years has value, it has no risk in it, it's a known revenue for these projects. And with the time differentiation and with the capacity most of the projects receive, we think that at this point

inflation of the target price may not be warranted
and that the inflation affects many things, and
not just the cost of generation. It could affect
the revenue.

If inflation raises the cost of fuel, but at the same time we argue that there is an improvement in productivity where less fuel is needed, that doesn't necessarily translate in an increase in fuel cost of operation. And that we look forward to engage the industry in the future with discussions on this issue. We think there's a good reason why inflation should be introduced into the target price. The Commission has that option to do it at this point, but we don't think there's a sufficient case that exists today to do that based on the information.

CHAIRMAN GEESMAN: I'm gathering that the response to the inflation is that rather than targeting today as to what you anticipate inflation to be over the next four years, you're saying the committee will review it and virtually annually?

MR. MASRI: Yes. We said we'd revisit it.

We could do it annually or so long -- this is a

1	living document, I'd like the emphasize this, and
2	the Commission has the ability to respond to
3	changes, if there's good factual basis for taking
4	action for change, if we do today. There is
5	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Okay. I think that's good
6	enough.
7	Commissioner Boyd?
8	COMMISSIONER BOYD: I just want to point out
9	therefore that the decision document reflects, the
10	Commission's decision document reflects what the
11	staff has just indicated and the changes to the
12	guidebook that have been distributed today,
13	there's a specific sentence indicating the
14	committee's plan to revisit the inflation
15	adjustment in the future as has been indicated by
16	Mr. Masri.
17	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
18	Commissioner Geesman, would you care to
19	comment on this specific issue?
20	MR. MASRI: And if I may I'm sorry, I
21	could come back to the other points then later.
22	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Yes, you can come back to
23	the other points. On this subject of inflation,

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24 Commissioner Geesman?

1	COMMISSIONER GEESMAN: I think that
2	Commissioner Boyd and Marwan have addressed my
3	issues.
4	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you. Mr. Masri, on
5	the issue of DWR contract holders?
6	MR. MASRI: The so-called orphan projects,
7	now to the extent that these projects are out in
8	the market selling at, you know, their output on
9	the spot market, they are covered by our program,
10	and the program will pay the difference between
11	what they receive and target, subject to the cap
12	that we have in our guidebooks. To the extent
13	that they receive a price above the target,
14	whether it's through a contract or in the market,
15	then, again, they won't be covered. Again, the
16	system applies to any projects really, it does not
17	distinguish between the so-called orphan projects
18	or the ones that have the approximately seven. It
19	has a target price and a market price and there's
20	a difference between the two. So to that extent,
21	I think those projects are covered by our system.
22	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Mr. Carlson, does that
23	MR. CARLSON: Go to your last point, if you
24	would, Marwan, and I'll just summarize just for a

4	and the second s
1	moment.

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MR. MASRI: Okay. As far as the solar thermal, the last point raised was for solar thermal facilities, they do use up to 25 percent natural gas in their generation. And on that portion of generation, they get paid the Short Run Above Cost or SRAC. For our purposes, we considered the whole output renewable, and so long as they don't exceed the 25 percent fossil. So the incentive is paid on the whole output, whether it's produced by gas or solar.

The question of burning gas in solar thermal plants, the way we understand it, is it enables those plants to earn capacity payments, full capacity payments. I think if they not burn gas, they will not be able to earn those capacity payments, because they're not guaranteed output at certain times. And there are two points here.

One is the capacity payments revenue that they receive as a result of burning the gas, although we understand or the claim is that the energy generated by using gas, these projects make a loss on that energy because they get paid on a heat

rate that is lower than the heat rate that they use, and, therefore, for each kilowatt hour they generate with gas, they make a loss. That's the issue that's presented to us. But we think that the earnings capacity revenue that's enabled by burning that gas at some loss more than offsets that loss. That's number one.

Number two is as the natural gas price goes up, the problem for the gas portion of the solar projects gets exacerbated, I mean, because the difference between their heat rate and the heat rate they get paid on is there. However, the higher the gas price, the greater the loss, if you will, on the gas portion of the generation. But the higher the gas price, the higher the SRAC and the less money we will pay, so that we will not be able to help those projects when the gas price is really high, because at that point, SRAC would be higher than our target and we will not be able to help them when they need to help most.

What they're asking for is help in times that they need the help least, which is when gas prices are low and their loss they make on that revenue, we don't think is that significant, but in any

case it's made up by the earnings on the capacity
side. So we have considered all of these issues
and the committee has reevaluated this and, again,
is proposing something that we think is fair and

6 CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.

Commissioner Boyd.

reasonable.

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COMMISSIONER BOYD: Well, I just want to reinforce Mr. Masri's last comment, relative to this particular issue. I think the committee agrees with the analysis provided by the staff.

On the DWR contract holders issue or the orphan projects, as they've been know of as lately, that is a very serious concern to us. And I think we even threatened to the extent that we can at the present time there's a lot of uncertainty with regard to what is going to be the future of these stranded or orphan projects, and I think I would indicate that the committee shares the concern and wants to follow this issue, but at the moment with so many other decisions pending that would affect the outcome of this situation, we've opted to just leave the situation as described, with the comment that I had intended to

1	make to this group that the committee does have a
2	real concern about the particular projects are
3	very important to the environmental and the
4	economic welfare of the state and we reserve the
5	right to revisit the issue when some of the other
6	decisions have been made by a sister agency.
7	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
8	Commissioner Geesman.
9	COMMISSIONER GEESMAN: I would echo
10	Commissioner Boyd's comment that we continue to
11	get that Mr. Masri read the reasoning of the
12	committee quite well.
13	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
14	MR. CARLSON: Just a quick response. Mr.
15	Chairman, just a quick response, if I could.
16	I think we have a great deal of faith that
17	this Commission will indeed revisit the inflation
18	issue probably on an annual basis. We've been
19	there before with you, we have a long-standing
20	relationship with this Commission, and the example

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I cited where we actually raised the target price

back up to 5 cents in 2000, it is indicative that

you do look at the economics of our industry and

try to allow us to operate basically at the

1	margin,	which	is	what	this	whole	program	is	all
2	about.								

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Relative to the DWR contracts, just one more point for your consideration. It really is the lack of capacity payments that make those facilities unique. The DWR chose to pay them on basically an all-in basis where most of the rest of us have an energy component or a capacity component and that capacity component is very significant to most of us. And that is really what makes it difficult for them to deal with in this program is that they get a relatively high energy payment but no capacity payment. And that's why we're asking for the treatment of them to give them a relatively low fixed energy supplement, which may only amount to two-tenths to four-tenths of a cent on an annual basis, but something to help them deal with that lack of capacity payments.

And then relative to solar facilities, I'll certainly let them speak for themselves more in a few moments, but we just think the language is relatively simple that there's a known formula they're paid on, but yet we're artificially

1	creating a payment that's not really there in
2	order to judge whether they get a supplement. And
3	it just seems that the language is relatively
4	straight forward and easy for the staff to deal
5	with in looking at 75 percent of their output,
6	compared to the target price, and 25 percent of
7	their output compared to the target price on their
8	actual payments. That was all.
9	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
10	MR. CARLSON: Thank you very much.
11	CHAIRMAN KEESE: I would make a general
12	op/ed. I have heard that the committee accepts
13	two out of three issues as issues that are still
14	on the table and we have to look at, seventy five
15	to a third. I would just observe that as we head
16	into this new renewable portfolio standard era, we
17	do anticipate that changes in this market will
18	take place as each utility attempts to add one

percent a year, and as the committee struggles
with how we're going to do that for new sources.

21 So I think the Committee has expressed an interest 22 and flexibility. I believe that that's what we'll

see from the Committee.

MR. CARLSON: Thank you very much.

1	CHAIRMAN KEESE: You listed some names and I
2	attempted to are you indicating these people do
3	not plan to testify?
4	MR. CARLSON: That's right.
5	CHAIRMAN KEESE: All right. Then I'm going
6	identify as Mr. Provost of Pacific Lumber, Mr.
7	Ellery is here from Pacific Industries
8	MR. ELLERY: I do need to speak.
9	CHAIRMAN KEESE: All right. Mr
10	MR. ELLERY: Ellery.
11	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Fine.
12	MR. ELLERY: Thank you, Chairman Keese and
13	Commissioners. I just had one short issue that
14	deals with also the determination of market price.
15	Item Number 3 basically states that, you
16	know, if you're not under basically a utility
17	contract, you use the actual price, which is fine.
18	But then it goes on and confuses it and says but
19	in many cases this will be SRAC. Market prices
20	and SRAC are not the same. I'm not sure when you
21	use SRAC versus market prices. You know, a worse-
22	case scenario, you could change it every month.
23	So I would like to see that that second provision

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is deleted.

1 Where we sell power in the open market, we know what our actual price is at the end of the 2 3 month, it's easily calculatable. You know, the fact that we're in PG&E service territory, I don't 4 know how that has any relation to what I'm getting 5 paid. I'd love to sell it to them, but they won't 6 7 take it. So my concern, quite frankly, is, you know, market prices are right now significantly 8 below PG&E's SRAC because of high gas prices. And 9 we're going to get a situation where, you know, 10 11 we're getting, you know, power prices that are far below the \$40 range and PG&E's SRAC is 60. So we 12 won't get any, you know, subsidy out of this 13 14 program because somebody decides to use this value of SRAC instead of my actual price. So I'm just 15 asking that that second sentence be delated. 16 CHAIRMAN KEESE: Mr. Masri. 17 18 MR. MASRI: What we tried, again for

MR. MASRI: What we tried, again for simplicity, one of the design features of the program have been to trade off simplicity for accuracy in many situations. Looking at each project and their individual price that they get, it's a little complex and the SRAC may sometimes be a good proxy for what a project is getting. In

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1	the previous program that all the participants
2	here would tell you worked fairly well, we just
3	used SRAC for all projects. When we said this is
4	the price that we assume that everybody will get,
5	and then we'd base on that.

Now, some projects got paid more than they really deserved, some got paid less, but it worked out that on the average it was a workable system. To the extent that we don't know going forward how many projects will be coming before us, if the number of projects -- we know it to be less because all Tier 3 is now no longer eligible, based on the new legislation, so we have less projects to deal with. To the extent that it's admissible and not complex to look at each project's price that comes before us and pay based on that, we'll have to deal with that at that point and just come back and make the appropriate changes needed to allow us to do that.

But right now we think that the SRAC is a good proxy for what the market price is and usually in the past it worked pretty well for most projects and of course continues to do that.

24 CHAIRMAN KEESE: Mr. Ellery, I take it that

2	MR.	ELLERY:	No. I	have tw	o facilities in	
3	particula	r, I'm no	ot sure	how the	v're going to	

this doesn't give you satisfaction?

4 handle either of them. I mean first off it gives

5 me uncertainty at best.

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But I'll give you two examples. We've got a biomass plant in Loyalton, California. We get paid three cents a kilowatt primary, PG&E's SRAC is six. Under Marwan's scenario, I'm not going to get any subsidy, and, quite frankly, that's going to shut that plant down. We cannot survive at three cent energy. And we have another facility, it's a new biomass facility trying to survive in the open market, and, you know, again, the market prices right now are significantly less than SRAC.

17 CHAIRMAN KEESE: Let me clarify. Are you
18 suggesting that the Loyalton plant is committed to

PG&E under contract?

20 MR. ELLERY: No. It's committed to Sierra 21 Pacific Power Corp.

22 CHAIRMAN KEESE: All right. And that's at three cents.

MS. JONES: I think we need some

And so, you know, I just --

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1	clarification	horo
1		TICTC.

- MR. MASRI: Let me clarify, Mr. Ellery.
- 3 CHAIRMAN KEESE: Mr. Masri.
- 4 MR. MASRI: To the extent we cannot determine
- 5 the market price that Bob's facility is receiving
- in a clear manner, we will use the SRAC as a proxy
- 7 for that. If we can determine what he's receiving
- 8 and it's clear in his statement, then we have no
- 9 problem paying him based on that. And I think
- 10 that's allowable in our packets.
- 11 MR. ELLERY: That's fine.
- 12 CHAIRMAN KEESE: Okay. Thank you. I think
- we've clarified that one.
- MR. ELLERY: Thank you.
- 15 CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you. Again, I'm going
- 16 to, those people that I don't think are going to
- 17 testify. Mr. Phil Reese?
- 18 MR. REESE: That's correct.
- 19 CHAIRMAN KEESE: You're here.
- Mr. Kent Duysen?
- 21 MR. DUYSEN: Good morning. My name is Kent
- 22 Duysen, representing Sierra Power Corporation in
- 23 Terra Bella.
- 24 First of all, I thank you for your time this

morning. I also want to say we fully support the
comments Mr. Carlson made on behalf of the Biomass
Association. We're one of the, I believe, three
DWR contract holders that are not benefitting from
holding an SO contract. It's been certainly tough
over the last two years trying to compete out here
in the market and we appreciate the State coming
forward and giving us these contracts.

As Bill tried to explain a minute ago, the six and a half cents a kilowatt that we're receiving appears to be over the 5.37 target. But that's all we receive. We're at the point right now, probably on an average about nine-tenths of a cent per kilowatt being paid less than the bulk of the biomass industry. On top of that, now we've been cut out of the CEC funding program. We're just headed probably very shortly for a big trainwreck.

And I appreciate your comments, Commissioner Boyd, that I think deserve some consideration down the road to look at our plight. I would just urge if we can start the discussions quite soon, it would be very, very helpful.

24 The other issue is our DWR contract ends at

1	the end of June and none of us, none of the three
2	plants were picked up through the utilities
3	solicitation process.
4	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
5	MR. MASRI: Yeah, it's an issue that we, as
6	Commissioner Boyd said, we intend to get back to
7	you and see and we get the message quickly, engage
8	in discussions, what we can do within our
9	statutory authority and guidebooks to help with
10	this issue.
11	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
12	MR. DUYSEN: Thank you very much.
13	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Mr. Tandy McMannes.
14	MR. MCMANNES: Good morning, Chairman and
15	Commissioners. My name is Tandy McMannes, I'm the
16	Chief Financial Officer for Kramer Junction
17	Company, representing five solar and thermal
18	electric facilities located in the Mojave Desert.
19	My comments are both in support of and
20	further to comments made by Bill Carlson. And
21	after reviewing the proposed changes to the

My comments are both in support of and further to comments made by Bill Carlson. And after reviewing the proposed changes to the Committee Draft Guidebook, I do have two issues I'd like to discuss, and both of those pertain to the pricing that we would receive, the market

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prices being established for our natural gas
component.

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I don't want to belabor the point, but I think there's two distinctions I'd like to make. The first one would be regarding the 2003 to 2006 period. When I received the updated changes to the Renewable Draft Program, I didn't expect that the 2003 to 2006 period they'd have any adjustment to the price that is determined for our natural gas portion of the output. I anticipated that the market price would be as the model had previously stated, and I pretty much drew that conclusion from the Renewables Committee decision summary that was just recently released.

In that summary, basically the staff says, and I'll read from the statement here, "Incentives from the RAP for the natural gas portion of these facilities' generation are unlikely to incur a significant increase in generation, because the facilities were already at parity to achieve their capacity payments."

Now, I would like to respectfully disagree with that and I probably have failed in presenting the case that I should have for Marwan and staff

for the period of 2003 though 2006. Marwan has 1 assured me this is living document that we will 2 have an opportunity at a later date to present 3 that case, and I hope to do that. He may disagree 4 with me at the end of the day, but he has given 5 the opportunity and I'm sure he will continue to 6 7 give me the opportunity to present the facts that would dispute that statement. 8

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What I'd like to do, though, is focus on 2002. Because when I did receive the changes to the Committee Draft Guidebook, I was somewhat concerned about 2002 because the very guidebook itself does break out the period of 2002 from the period of 2003 through 2006. Once again, in the Renewable Committee Decision summary, there's a portion of that that talks about retroactive payments for the 2002 generation. If I can just read just briefly from that document again, it says, towards the bottom on page 7 it says, "Parties indicate that the assurance of productions was strong enough, given the staff's March 8th, 2002, letter and other indications that many counted on these incentives in their financial decisions at the time," and we were one

L	of those. "Parties were acting upon expectation
2	of regulatory and program stability and certainty,
3	as reflected in the staff March 8th, 2002,
4	letter."

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What I would like to propose is the opportunity to allow me to work with Marwan on the 2003 through 2006 period at a later date and attempt to convince him or to work with him to show what our position is on that. But the more immediate issue is with the payments expected March 31st for the 2002 period. I'm curious why we're not handling the 2002 generation consistently with the whole approach. There were statements on behalf of the CEC. There was the March 8th letter. We worked with the Commission and the staff, spoke with Commissioners. There was a general expectation, and I think the Commission has rightly recognized that, for the period of 2000.

At no time during any of our discussions or at no time did we read in the draft guidebook released in June of 2001, that there would be a bifurcation of our rates and that the rates we actually received for generation would be

determined other than what is the actual market
rate. Marwan was just telling Bob Ellery that
when it's clear and definable what your rate is,
we'll use your rate. When your rate is not clear
and definable, we will revert to SRAC. Our rate
is both clear and definable and we want to revert
to SRAC, and I think we fit both of those
categories.

So what I'm asking this Commission to consider today, given the immediacy of the payment for March 31st, 2001, for 2000 generation, given the fact that 2002 generation has been split out, for the reasons of regulatory certainty in the March 8th letter, I'd like you to consider that point.

I have two other points I'd like to make.

There are nine solar facilities in all, I represent five of them. Two other, the 80-megawatt facilities, are very similar, their production profile is ours. But there are two other solar facilities who have a discount contract. Those two facilities are going to receive the added payment, comparing the discount contract rate to the target price. So I ask the

1	question, I don't expect an answer, but I do ask
2	the question that how is our natural gas piece,
3	which is less than 5.37, and the natural gas piece
4	of the Harper Facility is also less than 5.37, any
5	less than a discount contract in the two
6	facilities that are going to receive payments for
7	their gas and their solar piece, comparing actual
8	market price to target price. To me, they really
9	are the same. If it's less than 5.37, it's a
10	discount, however the nature of the contract is
11	assigned and arrived at.
12	One other consideration, and I don't have the

One other consideration, and I don't have the exact number, I was speaking to staff and I thought they said the number, correct me if I'm wrong, just tell me here, I think someone had told me the number, but I think there was close to 40 or so facilities that were going to sign up for Tier 1 production incentives. I don't know if that number is right, but it's certainly a significant number of facilities were going to sign up for that production incentive.

Only the Kramer and the Harper plants for the 2002 period are going to have a market price that's established other than the actual market

1	price. So when it comes to the concept that the
2	CEC adopted for its 2002 generation, based on
3	implementing a system that's fair, implementing a
4	system based on regulatory certainty, based on a
5	system acknowledging discount contracts, in the
6	case they did on the other two facilities, it
7	seems to me that for this period we would like to
8	make a suggestion that the language for 2002
9	reflect that the price you receive for your energy
10	compared to the target price is what you would be
11	paying. Fully accept the burden that's been put
12	on me for 2003 through 6, the work of staff to
13	demonstrate that the incentives that we do receive
14	go back into the solar field and result in the
15	kind of generation we save, but I don't want to
16	get into the technical issues for 2003 through
17	2006 at this point, and I want to defer that until
18	a different time.
19	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you. As not being on
20	the Committee, most of this presentation has been
21	technical.
22	MR. MASRI: It's technical for me too. I

MR. MASRI: It's technical for me too. I

think we have been in discussions with Tandy and

other stakeholders on this issue before. Again,

we need obviously, we're not convinced by the
information we've received. The 2002 generation,
again, as a reminder, the first decision by the
Committee was not to pay anything, because that
was generation that already occurred before the
passage of SB 1038. I think the Committee had
accommodated the parties by saying yes they had
raised legitimate concerns, and this is the
payment for the generation that had already
occurred before the passage of 1038.

Tandy is now talking about how we, you know, precisely calculate that payment. And, again, it's a metric that we're applying to everybody in 2002, and if we go for that retroactive, we even have a different target price. We allowed five and a half for the retroactive payment. It's a whole different system that we're applying to everybody, and going forward, it's a different system altogether. So I think at this point we don't think there's really a reason to change what we have for 2002 retroactive payments. We think --

CHAIRMAN KEESE: All right. So for 2002.

Now, for 2003 forward you're willing to look into

1	it?
2	MR. MASRI: We will be engaged in a
3	discussion with Tandy on how we might have reason
4	to adjust that.
5	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
6	Mr. Boyd.
7	COMMISSIONER BOYD: Well, I just wanted to
8	indicate that it's been difficult for the
9	Committee to deal with this. We want the
10	Commission to keep faith with the reliance that
11	others had put on the year 2002. And in the
12	context of all the discussions going on in the
13	legislature and other places to resolve our energy
14	crisis and to deal with renewables, I think we
15	wanted for this administration keep that faith and
16	keep faith with the assurances and we split the
17	baby the best we could, so to speak. I appreciate
18	the dilemma, but that's what the decision maker
19	had to do.
20	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Mr. Geesman.
21	COMMISSIONER GEESMAN: I'd echo Commissioner
22	Boyd. I will say I was reluctant to give in to
23	the retroactive payment at all, but out of

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consideration for the disruptiveness that this

1	might cause in the market, I was persuaded that it
2	was appropriate to rely on what I felt was
3	somewhat weak assurances previously that we try
4	and make retroactive payments. And at the end of
5	that, we split the baby the best we could. And I
6	think it was the appropriate thing to have done.
7	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you. I guess that's
8	the best answer we can give you?
9	MR. MCMANNES: Just one response, please?
10	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Sure.
11	MR. MCMANNES: Regarding, and I want to make
12	sure the area is distinct, the 2003 period versus
13	the 2002. I mean Marwan and I have talked about
14	the 2003 forward period, and we will continue to
15	talk about it, and I understand that he doesn't
16	agree with my position on that and that's fine.
17	We don't need to discuss that further here. But
18	back on 2002, it isn't a question of the technical
19	element of whether we will or won't produce more.
20	I mean 2002 generation is already there. 2002,
21	the question is doing what's fair. That's the
22	whole concept behind the Committee supporting

24 CHAIRMAN KEESE: I think we've heard that.

retroactive payments.

23

1	MR. MCMANNES: Right.
2	CHAIRMAN KEESE: We've heard the Committee
3	say they did their best job to split the baby here
4	and
5	MR. MCMANNES: Well, I just one of the
6	things okay.
7	CHAIRMAN KEESE: And I heard what you said.
8	MR. MCMANNES: Well, I truly differ and I
9	just don't understand why nine out of forty, but
10	those are my comments. Thank you.
11	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you. And Mr.
12	McMannes, are you passing?
13	MR. MASRI: That was him.
14	CHAIRMAN KEESE: That's right. Sorry.
15	Then I'm going to try to, because I have
16	MR. MASRI: Mr. Chairman, may I make a
17	suggestion. If you can ask for comments on
18	existing account, guidebooks, and the emerging
19	account guidebook, and cross off people that way.
20	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Right. I have four more
21	names. I have Mr. Pellegrini, Kelly and Nelson.
22	Was there anybody who wished to speak to the issue
23	we've just been talking about? No.
24	The existing?

1	Okay.	Why	don't	. we	take	Mr.	Nelson.
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MR. NELSON: Morning, Mr. Chairman, Staff and Commissioners. Les Nelson with the California Solar Energy Industries Association.

As you know, CalSEIA has been involved for quite a number of years in both the development of the enabling legislation for the emerging program and the refinement and the development of the program as it's progressed to the point that it's at today. And we've recently addressed our concerns about the proposed changes in minute detail, both in person with the staff and Committee, and also through documented comments. So I think our concerns have been well-expressed and I believe that staff has taken a careful look at our concerns, particularly the summary document that was recently distributed that went into some of the thinking behind the decisions. I thought that was a good document.

I believe the best way to put it is that the guidebook at this point represents a mechanism we can live with, however, proceedings at the PUC, most notably the exit fee proceedings, and possible proceedings at the legislature in this

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upcoming session, may influence the success of the program for the better or for the worse, depending on their outcomes, and hence, might require a response on a fairly short timeframe.

One of the changes that was made to the program which I believe a lot of our membership and I know CalSEIA as a whole expressed clearly was that there was some certainty needed in the reduction timeframe of the buy-down amounts. And that was addressed, although we can differ on the amount and how fast it goes, at least there is certainty there. However, we may require, based on some of these ongoing issues that developed in these two venues, to create program adjustment details on a realtime basis, rather than at some predetermined six-month or twelve-month period, so as to ensure that the program can continue forward in a successful manner.

Two points that we made clearly, and which I believe staff has indicated at least that they would be willing to consider and likely adopt are the convening of a working group to address both unfinished business that's still under development, such as the over 30K production

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1	mechanism and other unknown changes, for instance,
2	what an exit fee change at the PUC might have on
3	the whole success of the program.
4	And so in closing, I'd suggest both of our
5	bottomline goals is to keep this program what it
6	is today, which is the most successful program in
7	the country.
8	Thank you.
9	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you. Having witnessed
10	the activities over the last number of years with
11	different Commissioners on the committee, I think
12	they have been as expeditious as possible in
13	trying to deal with an on-time delivery of the
14	Renewables Program, and I think it is a model for
15	the country.
16	MR. NELSON: Thank you.
17	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Mr. Webb?
18	MR. WEBB: Good morning, and you'll have to
19	excuse the lack of a tie, I only have one and I
20	didn't want to get it dirty.
21	(Laughter.)

CHAIRMAN KEESE: That's fine. 22

MR. WEBB: I'm grateful to have the 23

opportunity for the direct communication with the 24

decision makers and I apologize for not bringing a

couple of concerns that I have to the earlier

forums that you have had. I didn't have the time

to do it. And based on the comments I make, maybe

disregard them if it would hold up the

implementation of the program, because that's

paramount at this point.

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I represent Plan It Solar. I'm an owner of a solar retail service, design, installation company in Penn Valley, east of Sacramento. And our goals are to make solar electricity easy and affordable, because I see that those are the two main problems in getting this type of renewable energy out there, it seems complex and expensive. Which seems to tie in with the CEC renewable energy program goals of creating demand, reducing costs, and the topic that I'm going to directly speak about is extending the rebate to as many people as possible by keeping caps on the rebate amounts so that smaller amounts will go out but more people will be allowed to get them. And I would be so bold as to say I speak for many of the homeowners and consumers. I sort of represent the rubber meeting the road in some parts of the emerging

l renewables	program.
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A couple suggestions that I'd like to make on the rebate levels is in order to help create more demand, I believe it's important to make sure that we can allow these small systems under ten kilowatts to be able to flourish and have enough incentive to keep systems smaller so that we have more rebates to offer to people. And I would suggest that with the 15 percent reduction, what has been offered with the new rebate levels is four dollars a watt or a 15 percent reduction, if it's a self-installed system to encourage electrical contractors' work.

What I would like to propose is a 15 percent reduction for systems that meet the emerging renewable program between 10 kilowatts and 30 kilowatts, because I truly believe that the more we have solar on people's homes, we will see a rise in solar demand as opposed to hiding it in many cases out in deserts or on rooftops and in factories. There is definitely a place for that, however, I want to remind everybody that as speaking for many homeowners, it's important that we have a certain amount of rebates available for

smaller systems. So I would encourage some

possible incentives in order to gear a lot of

rebates to the smaller homeowners who feel like

they're being shorted. I believe that the smaller

systems will encourage smaller rebates, which

means everyone will get more of a piece of the

pie, so to speak, of the long-term program.

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The other thing that I would like to suggest is I had a great deal of problem and homeowners as well and people that would like to invest in renewable energy with the uncertainty. Les Nelson was speaking about needing a certain amount of certainty, and I believe that the way that the program is based such that the process first is to reserve an amount without having a solar system installed, then waiting to have it installed, and then get the rebate, there is certainly going to be for the staff of the CEC Renewable Program, they're not going to know exactly when the money is going to be, quote, "running out," as we saw at the end of last year. It leaves a lot of people in a lurch, and I would recommend instead of decreasing the rebate levels every six months, to decrease them once a year. That if we're willing

1	to do 20 cents per watt every six months, that
2	instead we do 40 cents a watt once a year, because
3	it's going to stem the tide of people rushing to
4	get rebates at the beginning of the year only to
5	find the yearly allocation running out later. On
6	top of the fact that what I'm personally seeing
7	right now, we have several people that would love
8	to invest in renewable energy, however, given the
9	backlog, we don't know if by the time we fax in
10	their application for reservation of money from
11	the CEC, they're going to have run out of the four
12	dollars a watt and these people will be stuck at
13	the 380 a watt.

So instead of having twice a year uncertainty that we know will be there, I'd like to recommend that we just have it once a year. It's going to make it easier for the buyers, it's going to make it easier for the sellers, and it will still meet the goals of 40 cents a watt.

CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you very much for your presentation. I'll just say that I think on the issue of six months versus a year the train has left the station.

MR. WEBB: Yes.

1	(	CHAIRM	AN I	KEESI	Ξ: ]	don't	think	 Mr.	Masri,
2	do you	ı have		can	you	 -			

MR. MASRI: Thank you, yes. We did have those forums when we solicited ideas of the interval and the amount of drop, and I think that's the consensus we proposed and what we heard in those workshops and hearings, suggestions as we move forward are welcome. And, you know, as we introduce changes to the guidebooks in the future, maybe these are some of the things we can revisit. But at this point, I think it's --

CHAIRMAN KEESE: Can you respond to the specific comment about an application today and not knowing whether it's going to be four dollars or 3.80. Do we have any assurance you can give on that issue?

MR. MASRI: Yes. This is the certainty that we gave the market that they asked for. They know the schedule of when a certain level or rebate will be applicable, and once a reservation is approved at a certain rebate level, they will get that money after the 12 or 18 months, it's allowed because of the projects. So we think we have provided that certainty. And I think the

1	gentleman	here	is	saying	do	it	once	а	year	instead
2	of twice a	a year	<u>.</u>							

MR. WEBB: And my response to that would be that you don't have a certain number of people that you know are waiting chomping at the bit to fax reservations down come March 3rd, and that is the level of uncertainty, because consumers are aware. We've got a backlog of five months possibly here, and so people are saying, well, we got left --

CHAIRMAN KEESE: How soon do we respond?

MR. MASRI: Well, that's a first-come-first-served system. We never know how many will be coming through the door at any one point in time. It's just how it designed no matter how we do it. We just wait for the applications to come in. Which means sometimes we get spikes, sometimes we get low activity, and it's just the way it goes.

MR. WEBB: Which reinforces my point that there is a definite level of uncertainty, and if we could minimize it to once a year instead of twice a year, I think that would be good.

23 CHAIRMAN KEESE: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Webb.

24 Mr. Dan Pellegrini.

MR. PELLEGRINI: a prepared statement.  Bob Krenzy would like to thank the California  Energy Commission staff for their hard work on the  Emerging Renewable Program guidebook. We have a  few comments about the draft supplied on January  11, 2003. If there are further inquiries, I'd  direct them to Scott Ragsdale at Cooperative  Community Energy, and I have the address on these sheets.  I'd like to address the comments by section.  Section 2, the eligibility requirements, paragraph  F, system installation. The Energy Commission	1	MR. PELLEGRINI: My name is Dan Pellegrini
have comments that are on the table in the lobby.  I can leave them with you as part of the record.  CHAIRMAN KEESE: Just to your left, Ms. Bos  will take it.  Ms. Bos: Which document?  MR. PELLEGRINI: Okay. They're actually on  the table. I'd like to read from  CHAIRMAN KEESE: Okay. That's fine.  MR. PELLEGRINI: a prepared statement.  Bob Krenzy would like to thank the California  Energy Commission staff for their hard work on the  Emerging Renewable Program guidebook. We have a  few comments about the draft supplied on January  11, 2003. If there are further inquiries, I'd  direct them to Scott Ragsdale at Cooperative  Community Energy, and I have the address on these  sheets.  I'd like to address the comments by section.  Section 2, the eligibility requirements, paragraph  F, system installation. The Energy Commission	2	from CC Energy. I'd like to thank the Commission
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F, system installation. The Energy Commission	21	I'd like to address the comments by section.
	22	Section 2, the eligibility requirements, paragraph
intends to require that photovoltaic systems	23	F, system installation. The Energy Commission
	24	intends to require that photovoltaic systems

1	installation contractors be certified to the
2	testing requirements of the North American Board
3	of Certified Energy Practioners' photovoltaic
4	protocols, after these protocols are finalized.
5	We agree with this. We agree with the eventual
6	adoption of certification for installers. This
7	certification should not prove to be an
8	administrative hurdle for the currently qualified
9	installers that we work with. Also the timing of
10	certification of the adoption should allow
11	California professional associations the time to
12	influence requirements prior to any required
13	certification. We'd just like to have that time
14	period in there to allow people to adjust to that.

Item number 2, this is section 2, what are the eligibility requirements, paragraph H, is the system performance meter. We are in favor of the performance meter requirements, so long as the information recorded remains the property of the purchaser. The CEC may want to audit system performance and even collect aggregate data in CC Energy's reports, but to be an effort to collect anonymous data aimed at improving quality. CC Energy, however, does not want to see the metering

1	requirement	used	by any	party	as a means	to	
2	establish a	fee o	r tax	on the	production	of	solar
3	energy.						

While the implementation of usage fees and the like are not part of the CEC's authority, we would ask that the CEC take extra steps to remain neutral to any influence that would allow net metering, the usage of tax on solar energy production.

CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.

MR. PELLEGRINI: Item 3, incentives offered through this program. CC Energy feels that the amount of rebate and the relative allocation of the size of solar systems is fair. In other words, the smaller systems receive a larger portion of the total available rebate than larger systems. We also agree that the program's attempt to sustain rebate availability by gradually reducing the amount of rebates over time is correct.

21 The last item is the reservation process.
22 This would be section 4, Item 2, page 11. This is
23 the evidence of agreement to purchase. The
24 background on this is that we're a buyers coop and

1	we purchase on behalf of our members. We work
2	closely with the community, a network of
3	installers to do the actual installations. We
4	agree with all the reservation requirements
5	regarding equipment descriptions, price
6	information, physical address and payment terms,
7	however, we disagree with the proposed requirement
8	to provide a signed purchase agreement from the
9	contractor for the labor involved.

We gain a financial commitment from our purchasers in the form of a signed purchase agreement for the equipment and a deposit on the equipment. With this commitment we will then introduce our members to the list of prequalified installers to do the actual installation. We ask our members to get multiple signed bids from the various qualified installers for their project. This provides assurance that they're going to be getting a better price for the installation. And once a bid is accepted, it's a contract. Having to go back to the contractor and the purchaser for two additional signatures puts an unnecessary burden on this reservation process.

Our proposal then would be to have a signed

1	contract for the labor to install the renewable
2	energy system should not be a requirement for the
3	reservation application. We already have a signed
4	purchase agreement and we'd like to have that
5	signed purchase agreement from the retailer be
6	adequate so long as it's accompanied by all the
7	other documentation specified in the draft
8	guidebook.
9	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you very much.
10	Mr. Masri, a new wrinkle?
11	MR. MASRI: I would like to ask Tony Brasil
12	to come respond to this as it's in great detail.
13	MR. BRASIL: Part of the reason to have the
14	contract is to simply determine whether they would
15	get the full \$4 dollar lot rebate or the owner-
16	installed incentive without an agreement to have
17	the installation done, we wouldn't know which, and
18	it would potentially unnecessarily reserve extra
19	money that an owner-installed would not be
20	claiming. So that was an attempt to make sure
21	that we had again a commitment to make the
22	purchase before we set that extra 15 percent
23	aside.
24	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Well, I would actually

1	suggest some conversations here, because it sounds
2	to me like that they have an agreement to
3	contract. Let me submit they have an agreement to
4	contract, so they're not going to be an owner-
5	installed, and it would seem to me that you might
6	be able to put together some generic document that
7	would handle this problem. I don't know, is that
8	beyond handling?
9	MR. MASRI: At this point it is. Again we
10	CHAIRMAN KEESE: It doesn't fit into the
11	specific wording you have?
12	MR. MASRI: It's a timing question, really.
13	This is great input to come in at the beginning of
14	the process for us as we are designing this. And,
15	again, we are open to all these suggestions as we
16	move forward and see what we can do about it. But
17	to craft your exact language at this point, we
18	would say
19	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Yes, my answer, Mr.
20	Pellegrini, we can't do committee work here, and
21	this is. I understand your concern, I see a
22	legitimacy to your concern. I think you're going
23	to have to deal with the staff in committee.
24	MR. PELLEGRINI: I guess that as sort of an

1	in between, the way the language is currently
2	drafted, if somebody turned in an application with
3	the equipment purchase agreement, we would reserve
4	the funding, minus the 15 percent. We would at
5	least have that minimum assurance, and then they
6	could request a modification once they got the
7	contract. That would be sort of an interim two-
8	step process. I suppose that would still work
9	under the current process.
10	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
11	MR. PELLEGRINI: As long as you have the
12	opportunity to modify the system sizing and cost
13	when you do that claim, that's acceptable. I just
14	wanted to make sure that we were able to actually
15	make the reservation in time.
16	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you. Make sure you
17	keep in contact with staff.
18	MR. PELLEGRINI: Okay. Thank you.
19	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
20	Mr. Kelly, thank you for being patient. Mr.
21	Steve Kelly.
22	MR. KELLY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Steven
23	Kelly with Independent Energy Producers.

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And I have comments that actually apply to

both the existing and emerging I would like to make. Before I do that though, I would like to thank the committee for the work that they've done on the guidebook revisions particularly. I had stood before the committee a while back speaking specifically to the importance of regulatory consistency and certainty to people that are developing and generating electricity under the guidebooks, and I think the committee did a good job in listening to those comments, and I thank them for that. 

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Regarding the existing and the emerging, I just have a couple observations to bring to your attention. Yesterday I had the opportunity to sit in to the Public Utility Commission's discussions on the RPS limitation, and while fascinating, one of the things that did come out of that was a decision from the Commission to essentially bifurcate procurement going forward and to allow what I'll call a short-term procurement for the period for 2004, which can only, as far as I can tell, be met though the procurement of nonrenewable resources under the language that's in SB 1078. I don't think the utilities will need

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to meet those 2004 requirements by renewables.

What's happening is that incrementally it appears that the next phased procurements are all going to be nonrenewable based. And if that's the case, because of the prescriptions in SB 1078 and so forth, it's going to make it increasingly important that if the State wants to attain and meet the goals of the RPS in 1078, that the only way to meet those goals is to be increasing the production for the existing facilities and the emerging technologies that come on line.

Those are the two programs that are live.

The new program that you will be implementing soon as the SB 1078 procedures are fully implemented is not likely to occur until 2004. And most of that of a sensitive capacity is going to come on in 2005 at the earliest, maybe six or seven. So fundamentally, if you are looking or the State is looking to meet the goals of the RPS, the only way to attain that is going to be through increasing production from the existing facilities.

And it makes more important the comments that Bill Carlson and others have made today, that if you want to and need to attain those goals, we

1	have to figure out a way to maximize the
2	production from the existing facilities, because
3	that's the only place that we're going to get
4	anything in the short term. And we ought to be
5	cognizant of the fact that these short-term
6	temporary or interim procurements to meet the net
7	short for the utilities, which is only going to be
8	coming from nonrenewable resources, as far as I
9	can tell, is going to be squeezing out the
10	renewable stuff potentially, so there will never
11	be a place or a room for the renewable
12	procurements to actually take place. I'll just
13	remind you that under SB 1078 there's language
14	that talks about least cost, best fit, and there
15	isn't going to be any best fit if everything is
16	already procured on these interim temporary short-
17	term procurements.
18	So we need to make sure that we can maximize
19	the production for these facilities that are in
20	the existing program. Thank you.
21	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you, Mr. Kelly.
22	Commissioner Geesman.
23	COMMISSIONER GEESMAN: Are we prepared to
24	wrap up?

1	CHAIRMAN KEESE: We have just wrapped up all
2	the public comments. I see a very quiet
3	Commission sitting up here, so you're welcome to
1	take whatever action you'd like.

COMMISSIONER GEESMAN: Well, let me say a couple of things. One, I would really like to thank the representatives of the various industries affected by these guidelines for their patience and willingness to contribute to our process. This has been going on for several months. It's been an enormously complex technical challenge, and we have really benefitted from the assistance of the various stakeholder comments that we've received over that period of time.

I also want to commend the staff in its responsiveness. This has been a major, major workload for them and they have performed superbly. And also Melissa Jones for making certain that we were able to actually get this to the Business Committee or the business meeting as we had originally scheduled it.

I'm told by counsel that because of my participation by phone has not been noticed at the San Joaquin Siting Committee site, that I can't

1	vote, but I would strongly encourage the other
2	members of the Commission to approve the guideboo
3	as submitted. This is an important milestone for
4	our Renewables Program. I think as you heard
5	today, we still have a lot of work left trying to
6	make certain that these guidebooks are kept
7	current as conditions in the market change. But
8	today is an important vote, and I would encourage
9	your approval of the guidebook.
10	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you, Commissioner
11	Geesman.
12	Without delving into it, Counsel and I have
13	had discussions. I believe that since we have
14	three members of the Commission here, we will
15	require you as, were you voting, you would like to
16	vote for this, but I think we'll just postpone the
17	discussion of the other issue until later. With
18	that
19	COMMISSIONER BOYD: Mr. Chairman.
20	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Commissioner Boyd.
21	COMMISSIONER BOYD: I'd like to just agree
22	with Commissioner Geesman's comments. I'd like to
23	indicate that this has been, even for those of us

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indicate that this has been, even for those of us

who have been around a long time, a learning

1	process. And I guess John and I both qualify for
2	having been around a long time in one way or
3	another. It's a dynamic issue, it's a living
4	issue, it's become almost a realtime, just-in-time
5	kind of a process, and you reach a point where you
6	just have to move and make some decisions and keep
7	the ball going down the field, while recognizing
8	we can't walk away from this anymore.

And Mr. Kelly's comments, I appreciate what he said. I think earlier in response to one of the open issues, I indicated that we have to watch what's going on out there in the world and watch the actions of some sister and brother agencies as they affect these programs, these overall programs, and we'll have to react to it. That's why it is such a living issue.

And I want to commend the job that staff has done for the tremendous effort that they've made. We've sat around together and debated those kinds of issues, and while we haven't -- you know, some of us feel more strongly than others on one point versus the other, we've reached an agreement that we think is best for this point in time.

But I would just say that this agency

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unfortunately strained as it is, having lost what 60 positions in the budget crunch and what have you will have to pay more attention to this issue and just keep trying to move the ball down the field as events occur. So we as a committee and I know the staff will do the best we can to react to some of these issues. Some of us are known to be pledged to renewables for years, if not decades, and want to see success.

But we have got to get the economics of these situations straightened out and we've got to work more closely with our sister agencies, which we are doing, and letting us know to a greater extent than I believe in history. And maybe that gives us an opportunity to react more quickly. We will do the best we can with this messy situation as long as the sky doesn't fall on us again and we have to crawl out and sort out the issues.

So with that, I would like to move approval of the guidebooks and the decision document as modified by the recommendations of the staff today.

CHAIRMAN KEESE: Motion by Commissioner Boyd.

24 COMMISSIONER ROSENFELD: I'll second it.

1	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Seconded by Commissioner
2	Rosenfeld.
3	All in favor?
4	(Ayes.)
5	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Opposed?
6	Adopted three to nothing.
7	And thank you, Commissioner Geesman, for
8	turning up for an hour and a half.
9	COMMISSIONER GEESMAN: Thank you, Mr.
10	Chairman, I was glad to participate.
11	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Okay. Consent calendar. D
12	I have a motion?
13	COMMISSIONER BOYD: I move the consent
14	calendar.
15	COMMISSIONER ROSENFELD: Second.
16	CHAIRMAN KEESE: All in favor?
17	(Ayes.)
18	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Item 2, Energy Innovations
19	Small Grant Program. Possible approval of twelve
20	grant projects from the Public Interest Energy
21	Research program funding for \$899,838.
22	MR. JENKINS: Good morning, Chairman Keese
23	and Commissioners.
24	My name is Alec Jenkins and I manage the

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Energy Innovations Small Grant Program. And I'm
pleased to bring for your consideration twelve
EISG grant applications recommended for funding by
the R&D Committee, in a field of 72 grant
applications that were submitted in this cycle.

As you know, the PIER Energy Innovations

Small Grants program was developed to provide ease of entry for proposals to establish the feasibility of innovative concepts that fit their mission, concepts good and feasible that may advance to full developmental funding.

Probably the best measure of program success are the results from a current survey of our 47 prior grant awardees that have completed their projects, With 41 of the 47 awardees having reported to date, we are now seeing that these completed projects have attracted \$40.2 million, compared to the \$3.5 million in awards to these 47 projects. That's an 11-to-1 gain. Follow-on developmental funding serves the pure mission regardless of the source, because the grant awards were made to PIER criteria in the first place.

The proposed grant applications cover an approach to reduce to an acceptable level the

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concentration of hydrochloric acid in the steam

from California's three major geothermal fields

using a method that could lead to a 3 to 5 percent

increase in power output over traditional methods.

A hydrocarbon additive to IC engines running on natural gas that is likely to improve emission at lean fuel conditions, thus lowering NOX and unburned hydrocarbons. An approach to avoid wasting energy in the large flow of evaporative coolers, such that wall and ceiling surfaces are also cooled before the air is exhausted from a residence. This is based on a concept developed in Norway.

An approach to eliminating the gearbox used in most wind turbines. A new sensor technology for a more accurate and rapid measurement of the methane concentration in bio and landfill gas that could allow automated remote operation at electric generation facilities where gas quality varies. Closer control of engine operating conditions are expected to increase generation by 10 to 15 percent at those facilities.

Stronger, more efficient nano-composite molecular sieve to separate mixtures of CO2 and H2

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bearing gases for advanced generation cycles and for carbon sequestration. A down-hole hydro approach of generating electricity from the free fall of water into deep geothermal injection wells where the water level in the well casing is several thousand feet below the top of the well, an estimated 25 megawatts of energy can be captured from such facilities.

A two-stage bioreaction process to increase the ratio of hydrogen to methane from aerobic digestion, hydrogen rich methane burns cleaner, leaner and more efficiently in IC engine generators. An approach to improving the performance and lower the emissions from porous ceramic burners.

A load shedding device small enough to be snapped into a light bulb socket and able to dim the light upon a load shedding signal sent through the wiring of the building. Incandescent lighting is the preferred lighting by shopping centers and for window displays because of its high focus illumination. By using a new process for the self-assembly of very small nano structures, an approach to coating the structure to realize

1	improved photovoltaic performance.
2	These are the twelve grant applications we
3	bring to you for approval for the sum of \$899,838.
4	All are worthy projects that staff recommends for
5	funding and have been approved by the R&D
6	Committee. Thank you. I'd be pleased to answer
7	questions.
8	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you. Very nice
9	presentation.
10	COMMISSIONER ROSENFELD: Mr. Chairman, first
11	it's good to hear about an 11-to-1 funding about
12	the prior. The committee is very comfortable with
13	these grants. The committee Chair, Mr. Grydel,
14	can't be here and he asked me, so I move Item 2.
15	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Motion made by Commissioner
16	Rosenfeld.
17	COMMISSIONER BOYD: I'll second that motion.
18	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Seconded by Commissioner
19	Boyd.
20	Any public comment?
21	Hearing none, all in favor?
22	(Ayes.)
23	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Opposed?

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Adopted three to nothing.

1	Thank you.
2	Next year I guess we'll hear 15-to-1.
3	Okay, Item 4, State Personnel Board.
4	Possible approval of Contract 200-02-001 Amendment
5	1, for \$134,200 to amend the current contract to
6	include additional funds for testing and
7	validation of the Commission's technical
8	classifications.
9	MS. QUIROZ: Good morning, this item is
10	basically
11	CHAIRMAN KEESE: For the record, can you
12	state your name.
13	MS. QUIROZ: My name is Lou Quiroz. And this
14	item is to seek the approval of contract with the
15	State Personnel Board to perform a job analysis of
16	various Commission classifications. The results
17	of the job analysis will assist us in putting
18	together the best testing and recruitment method
19	for the cause and will also identify and help
20	develop training contacts, assessment tests to
21	measure effectiveness of training, and to help
22	support the Department of Personnel Services.
23	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
24	COMMISSIONER BOYD: I move approval of the

1	item.
2	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Moved by Commissioner Boyd.
3	COMMISSIONER ROSENFELD: Second.
4	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Commissioner Rosenfeld.
5	All in favor?
6	(Ayes.)
7	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Opposed?
8	Adopted three to nothing.
9	Thank you.
10	MS. QUIROZ: Thank you.
11	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Items 5 and 6 have been
12	moved to a later date.
13	Item 7, Energy Conservation Assistance Act
14	Account. Possible approval of a \$1,704,391 loan
15	to the California Department of Mental Health to
16	install premium efficiency motors, et cetera.
17	MR. MILLS: Good morning, Commissioners. I
18	am Daryl Mills from the nonresidential office
19	sitting in for Ron Burma of our office today.
20	The staff is recommending approval of a loan
21	to the California Department of Mental Health for
22	\$1,704,391. These are for projects to be
23	installed at Napa State Hospital. The funds from

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this loan come from the Energy Conservation

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Assistance Act Account and/or could come from the
proceeds of bonds to be sold through the Consumer
Power and Conservation Financing Authority, which
is the item previously that we're putting off to a
later meeting. The resolution that you'll be
signing, should you pass this today, reflects
funds coming from either source. So your decision
on the bonds does not really affect this loan.

The Department of Mental Health has requested financing for energy efficiency improvements in 1.5 million square feet a facilities at Napa State Hospital. Energy efficient motors, energy efficient lights, variable frequency drives on the motors, as well as boiler improvements and upgrade of the energy management system throughout the complex is contemplated with this project.

The project is estimated to save \$207,000 a year in reduced energy costs. This will payback in about 8.2 years. The project will reduce the kilowatt hours used in the facility by 1.12 million kilowatt hours and 100,000 therms as a peak-load reduction from this project of about 200 KW. The staff has determined that this request meets all the criteria for the loan. The loan has

1	been approved by the Energy Efficiency Committee
2	and we're here today to get your approval.
3	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
4	Mr. Rosenfeld.
5	COMMISSIONER ROSENFELD: Move the item.
6	COMMISSIONER BOYD: Second.
7	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Motion by Mr. Rosenfeld,
8	seconded by Mr. Boyd.
9	Is there any public comment?
10	All in favor?
11	(Ayes.)
12	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Opposed?
13	Adopted three to nothing.
14	Item 8, Order Instituting Rulemaking.
15	Consideration and possible adoption of an Order
16	Instituted Rulemaking to adopt new reporting
17	requirements for PIIR.
18	MS. KATELEY: Go morning. Good morning, Mr.
19	Chairman, Commissioners. I'm Sue Kateley with the
20	California Energy Commission. And if it's
21	possible, could I ask that you take the other item
22	up first, Item 9? It will actually make more
23	sense, trust me.
24	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Well, now that you've

1 explained it to me so clearly.

2 (Laughter.)

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3 CHAIRMAN KEESE: We'll take up Item 9,
4 Reporting Requirements. Consideration of possible
5 adoption of an Order requiring refiners, major oil
6 storers, transporters, et cetera, to report.

MS. KATELEY: Thank you very much.

This item is an order to modify the petroleum industry reporting requirements. The new reporting requirements will be an additional reporting requirement for terminal operators and will increase the frequency of reporting from monthly to weekly for certain sectors of the petroleum industry, specifically, refiners, storers, terminal operators, and transporters. The order does not actually start the reporting requirement.

What this order does is it sets forth the process for the reporting requirements to change. The Committee, the Transportation Committee will be delegated authority in this order to conduct the workshops and take public comment on the new proposed forms. That workshop is scheduled for March 18th of this year.

1	Following that, the Committee will make
2	recommendations or approve the staff-recommended
3	forms and we will give those forms to the
4	Executive Director to send out to the industry and
5	they will have a 30-day comment period on those
6	new forms that is actually specified in the
7	current petroleum industry reporting and
8	regulations. And so I'm asking for your approval.
9	CHAIRMAN KEESE: And then I gather we're
10	going to take it
11	MS. KATELEY: Yes, sir.
12	CHAIRMAN KEESE: To formalize that process;
13	is that correct?
14	MS. KATELEY: Yes, sir.
15	COMMISSIONER ROSENFELD: I move Item 9
16	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Motion by Commissioner
17	Rosenfeld.
18	COMMISSIONER BOYD: Second.
19	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Second by Commissioner Boyd.
20	Any public comment?
21	I do understand that the industry is
22	generally supportive of the steps we're taking.
23	MS. KATELEY: The process, that they're
24	concerned about the amount of reporting and we

1	intend to work very closely with them and help
2	them to make this work for them.
3	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you.
4	COMMISSIONER BOYD: We have one letter filed,
5	Mr. Chairman, without getting into detail, of the
6	support from the staff and the process.
7	CHAIRMAN KEESE: All in favor?
8	(Ayes.)
9	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Opposed?
10	Adopted three to nothing.
11	And then we've already announced Item 8, an
12	OIR.
13	Do I have a motion?
14	COMMISSIONER BOYD: Moved.
15	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Motion by Mr. Boyd.
16	COMMISSIONER ROSENFELD: Second.
17	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Seconded by Commissioner
18	Rosenfeld.
19	All in favor?
20	(Ayes.)
21	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Opposed?
22	Good luck.
23	MS. KATELEY: Thank you very much.

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CHAIRMAN KEESE: Committee oversight?

1	MS. MCCANN: Wait, what about the minutes?
2	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Oh, it disappeared on the
3	bottom of the page.
4	Do I have a motion on the minutes?
5	COMMISSIONER ROSENFELD: Move.
6	COMMISSIONER BOYD: Second.
7	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Motion by Commissioner
8	Rosenfeld, seconded by Commissioner Boyd.
9	All in favor?
10	(Ayes.)
11	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Opposed?
12	Adopted three to nothing.
13	Chief Counsel's Report is before you. The
14	Chief Counsel did give us a written report on the
15	Metcalf case. For those of you who weren't here,
16	which is my other fellow Commissioners today, we
17	prevailed in good manner. I would just commend
18	the General Counsel for having anticipated this
19	issue when there was legislation adopted changing
20	the Public Utility Commission rules, but not
21	affecting the Energy Commission, except that our
22	code referenced the PUC Code.
23	And at General Counsel's recommendation, we
24	had legislation adopted, introduced and adopted,

1	in 2001 which reinstituted our practice which is
2	appeal to the Supreme Court only. And with that
3	foresight, it simplified our process. So
4	congratulations for steering us clear of that
5	thing.

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MR. CHAMBERLAIN: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I have no further report today.

CHAIRMAN KEESE: Executive Director's Report.

MR. THERKELSON: Good morning, Commissioners.

I have a few quick things on the budget. Our budget process is about ready to begin. The first

hearing is going to be before the Assembly Budget
Committee, and right now that is scheduled for
March 5th. The Senate budget hearing is scheduled
for the 1st of May. Both of those are likely or

possibly will change as we go through the process.

The Legislative Analyst's budget report is due out today. Right now we anticipate three items that will be dealing with us. One deals with FERC coordination. Right now there are several State agencies involved in coordinating comments from FERC on various energy issues. The LAO appears to be recommending that those agencies coordinate with one another, perhaps preparing an

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MOU to identify their different roles and responsibilities. And they are also suggesting that maybe there ought to be a leader amongst the agencies in terms of coordinating with FERC.

The second issue deals with the Energy

Electricity settlement funds coming from the

Attorney General's office. In that case, the LAO
is going to be recommending that the legislature
have some oversight into not only those funds but
how they're used in the future, possibly also in
the present.

And then, thirdly, they're going to raise the issue of siting fees. Our understanding is they're going to recommend that there be some cost sharing on the siting fees between both the ratepayers and the generators. I expect the latter issue will probably be the one that is most discussed during our budget hearings.

In terms of the other budget item of concern is travel funds. As you are aware, the Department of Finance provided some or I should say the Governor's office provided some direction in terms of reducing travel funds. We've been seeking clarification from the Department of Finance on

1	what exactly that means. And we expect that
2	clarification to come later today, so we will be
3	sharing that with you and the rest of the staff as
4	well, we will communicate that.
5	That is all I have at the moment.
6	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Thank you. And as I've
7	observed, I would just mention for my fellow
8	Commissioners, is that I have observed a
9	significant part of our travel's been,
10	particularly the Commissioners, in conjunction
11	with the siting cases, which are a rather high
12	priority, and to think that we would forego in
13	conducting siting cases from our account budget.
14	MR. THERKELSON: We have raised that issue
15	with the Department of Finance. A number of our
16	expenditures are related to regulatory programs,
17	not just siting cases, but, you know,
18	participating in proceedings before the PUC, other

regulatory actions as well. And we need to have clarification on how that fits into the -
CHAIRMAN KEESE: I think that is very important. I believe that the Commission should meet the goals of reducing costs that all State agencies are meeting. I believe that this

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1	particular area, we should vigorously pursue an
2	exception.
3	COMMISSIONER BOYD: I would think there would
4	be some discretionary funds, some discretion, that
5	the Executive Director could impress upon the
6	Department of Finance.
7	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Public Advisor's report?
8	MS. BOS: No report.
9	CHAIRMAN KEESE: Any public comment at this
10	time?
11	Hearing none, this meeting is adjourned.
12	(Thereupon the California Energy
13	Commission Business meeting was
14	adjourned at 11:45 a.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE OF SHORTHAND REPORTER
2	I, MICHAEL J. MAC IVER, a Shorthand
3	Reporter, do hereby certify that I am a
4	disinterested person herein; that I reported the
5	foregoing California Energy Commission proceedings
6	in shorthand writing; that I thereafter caused my
7	shorthand writing to be transcribed into
8	typewriting.
9	I further certify that I am not of
10	counsel or attorney for any of the parties to said
11	California Energy Commission proceedings, or in
12	any way interested in the outcome of said
13	California Energy Commission proceedings.
14	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set
15	my hand this 6th day of March 2003.
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	Michael J. Mac Iver
22	Shorthand Reporter